





A MATCHED CASE-CONTROL STUDY OF THE FREE PELVIS VS THE CLASSICAL VERY-RIGID SFORZESCO BRACE IN 436 HIGH DEGREE **AIS NOT PREVIOUSLY BRACED**

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1 Background

Very-rigid braces, like the Sforzesco brace (VRB), have shown promising results also in high-degree surgical curves of Adolescents with Idiopathic Scoliosis (AIS).

We recently introduced the "Free Pelvis" (FP) innovation, semi-rigid material to improve comfort, sagittal balanceand brace adaptability. Nevertheless, these changes could also hare corrective forces on the trunk.

Objective: verify if the FP innovation impacts on the efficacy of the Sforzesco VRB for high-degree AIS.



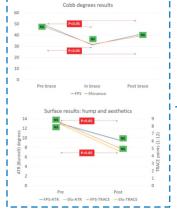
• The Free Pelvis is an innovation that reduces strain on the patient pelvis and allows a proper sagittal balance

 The Free Pelvis is safe since it does not change the results of the very rigid braces



FPB results were not different from those of the classical VRB inbrace and in the short-term. The FP innovation does not impair the mechanical correction of VRB.





		Sforzesco				
With brace prescription at first consultation		4431				
INCLUSION CRITERIA						
Idiopathic scoliosis					8	
Age 10-16					4	
Prescription brace at least 23 h/d					19	
Rx at first consultation after brace wearing					33	
Main curve range 36° to 65°					3	
ATR range 7" to 23"						
Excluded to match the samples		73%				
Total first selection from database		1211				
Matching: excluded because out of FPS ran	nge Total					
Main curve cervical or proximal thoracic	1				Т	
Risser >4	14	11		3	1	
Menarche <10 o >15	11	2	9	0		
Weight <33.5 or >83	89	21	23	45		
Height <140 or >180	26	13	11	2		
BMI <13.5 or >29	14	14	0	0		
TRACE <4	6		4	2		
S1 <-60 or >35	54	23	2	29	1	
C7+L3 <-10 o >115	18	4	14	0		
Brace worn <22 h/d	201		184	17	2	
Previous brace	361	361			5	

No differences for:		FP		Sforzesco					
 Age, Risser, Age at 		Media	DS	Media	DS	P			
menarche Weight, Height, BMI Sagittal (C7+L3, S1 plumbline) Curves topography and rigidity	Age	13,2	1,5	13,0	1,5	0,633			
	Age at menarche	11,4	1,0	11,8	1,1	0,118			
	Risser	1,5	1,4	1,6	1,4	0,703			
	Weight	49,2	10,1	50,0	8,9	0,691			
	Height	159,8	9,1	158,1	7,6	0,358			
	BMI	19,2	3,1	19,9	2,9	0,289			
	C7+L3	47,8	28,7	49,7	23,9	0,722			
Differences for: Brace wearing time: F9+12/day Brace wearing compliance: FP+1%	S1	2,0	18,0	0,6	17,4	0,734			
	Declared brace use	23,2	0,5	23,0	0,4	0,032			
	Recorded brace use	93%	2%	92%	6%	0,000			
	Main curve								
	Thoracic proximal			1%		NS			
	Thoracic	0010		67%					
	Thoracolumbar	20%		17%					
	Lumbar	5%		16%					
	Rigidiy Light	5% 5%							
	Medium	15%		25%		NS			
	High	65%		68%					
	Very high	15%		2%					

2 Method

Case-Control Study: we We extracted from our prospective database all FPB and VRB at first consultation in Institute.

Inclusion criteria: AIS, age 10-16, VRB 23 hours/day. x-rays available, 36-65° Cobb, 7-23° Bunnell. We matched for Risser, menarche, weight, height, BMI, aesthetics (TRACE), plumbline distances, brace use.

Post-hoc we also excluded previously braced patients. We checked in-brace (one month), and short-term outof-brace results.

We used descriptive statistics and unpaired/paired t-test according to variables and distribution.

Results

We included 416 VRB (12% males, age 13 ± 1 , 46 ± 7 °) and 20 FP (10%, $13\pm1,49\pm10^{\circ}$).

At baseline brace use (+12)/day FP) and compliance (+1% FP) were different.

All parameters improved statistically (p<0.001) and clinically, without differences among groups in-brace (FP -17 $\pm 8^{\circ}$ vs VRB -15 $\pm 6^{\circ}$ Cobb) and at short-term (5 ± 2 months) for scoliosis ($-8\pm6^{\circ}$ vs $-8\pm5^{\circ}$ Cobb), ATR $(-3\pm2^{\circ} \text{ vs } -4\pm4^{\circ} \text{ Bunnell})$, aesthetics $(-3\pm2 \text{ vs } -3\pm2 \text{ points})$, S1 (-6 ± 11) vs -4 ± 15 mm) and C7+L3 (-8 ± 17 vs -4 ± 19).