PEDIZIONI MINERVA MEDICA

journals and books on medicine since 1909

HOME ABOUT US JOURNALS BOOKS SERVICES CONTACT US

English Italian Login Not yet registered? Register

Not yet registered? Register Search Advanced Search

Free 🔓

Home > Journals > European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine 2017 February;53(1) > European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine 2017 February;53(1):125-31



YOUR ACCOUNT

Update your registration details

Modify your password

YOUR ORDERS

Order to be completed Completed orders

SHOPPING BASKET

Items: 0 Total amount: € 0,00

Order details and checkout

HOW TO ORDER

Journals

Books

YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS

Activate

View

Contact subscription department

YOUR ARTICLES

View

ISSUES AND ARTICLES ABOUT THIS JOURNAL FOR AUTHORS SUBSCRIBE

ONLINE SUBMISSION

European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine 2017 February;53(1):125-31

DOI: 10.23736/S1973-9087.16.04406-3

Copyright © 2016 EDIZIONI MINERVA MEDICA

language: English

GUIDELINES

Evidence based position paper on physical and rehabilitation medicine (PRM) practice for people with spinal deformities during growth. The European PRM position (UEMS PRM Section)

Stefano NEGRINI ^{1, 2}, Fitnat DINCER ³, Carlotte KIEKENS ⁴, Liisamari KRUGER ⁵, Enrique VARELA-DONOSO ⁶, Nicolas CHRISTODOULOU ⁷

¹ Clinical and Experimental Sciences Department, University of Brescia, Brescia, Italy; ² Don Gnocchi Foundation, Milan, Italy; ³ Division of Internal Medicine, Department of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine Hacettepe University, University Hospital, Ankara, Turkey; ⁴ Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine Universitair Ziekenhuis Leuven, Pellenberg, Belgium; ⁵ Orton Rehabilitation Centre, Orton Orthopedic Hospital, Helsinki, Finland; ⁶ Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine Department, Complutense University, Ciudad Universitaria, Madrid, Spain; ⁷ European University Cyprus, School of Medicine, Nicosia, Cyprus

PDF Supplementary Materials

INTRODUCTION: Scoliosis and other spinal deformities involve 3-4% of the population during growth. Their so-called conservative treatment is in the field of competence of physical and rehabilitation medicine (PRM) physicians. This evidence based position paper represents the official position of the European Union through the European Union of Medical Specialists (UEMS) - PRM Section. The aim of the paper was to improve PRM specialists' professional practice for patients with spinal deformities during growth.

EVIDENCE ACQUISITION: A systematic review of the literature and a Consensus procedure with 26 recommendations by means of a Delphi method process has been performed involving the delegates of all European countries represented in the UEMS-PRM Section.



JOURNAL TOOLS

eTOC

To subscribe

Submit an article

Recommend to your librarian

ARTICLE TOOLS

Publication history

Reprints

Permissions

YOUR EBOOKS

View

COUPON

Enable your coupon

ACCESSIBILITY

Standard viewing

Larger font

Text only

High-contrast layout

EVIDENCE SYNTHESIS: the systematic literature review is reported together with 26 recommendations coming from

the Consensus Delphi procedure.

CONCLUSIONS: The professional role of PRM physicians in spinal deformities during growth is to propose a complete PRM treatment for the patients considering all the concurring diseases and pathologies, impairments, activity limitations and participation restrictions. The PRM physician's role is to coordinate the individual PRM project developed in team with other health professionals and medical specialists, in agreement with the patient and his family, according to the specific medical diagnoses.

KEY WORDS: Physical and rehabilitation medicine - Guidelines

Cite this article as Share

top of page



Copyright © 2021 Edizioni Minerva Medica

Corporate information

Privacy policy Terms and conditions